Sabatino Speranza, SISTEMI NANOLIPOSOMIALI COME INTEGRATORI DI FERRO-OSO E VITAMINA C: ANALISI DI MERCATO E TECNICHE DI PRODUZIONE, a.a. 2020/2021





SISTEMI NANOLIPOSOMIALI COME INTEGRATORI DI FERRO-OSO E VITAMINA C: ANALISI DI MERCATO E TECNICHE DI PRODUZIONE

Sabatino Speranza

Abstract

The iron supplement market is characterized by strong competition, there is a large number of products based on different formulations and technologies that have a great demand both in Italy and in Europe. By a comparison between different iron supplements it was possible to evaluate the different cost, the quantity of iron, the different forms of iron used, the different release techniques and other main components in the formulation (ascorbic acid, folic acid, vitamin B12, etc.) that are able to increase the bioavailability of iron. In particular it was noted that the most used iron form is ferric pyrophosphate Fe₄O₂₁P₆ encapsulated in liposomes or lipid microparticles and containing iron in the ferric form Fe³⁺ (the less bioavailable shape). In the formulation of iron-based supplements, the status of oxidation of the iron represents a fundamental parameter, the ferrous form, Fe²⁺, compared to the ferric form Fe³⁺, is the only one really assimilable. In the pharmaceutical / nutraceutical field, the success of pharmacological therapies is strongly dependent on the use of adequate, efficient and intelligent technologies. In this sense, the use of nano carriers for food supplementary formulations, represents an innovation for the controlled release systems of active molecules, as they allow to minimize the loss and degradation of the active ingredients contained in them. In fact, the liposomes, thanks to their chemical properties, which make them very similar to biological membranes, can act as biocompatible and biodegradable transporters, in which molecules of different nature can be incorporated. The production of iron nanoliposomes iron, made with the microfluidic SMF technique, which is characterized by being a continuous technique, allows to produce liposomes of certain dimensions and dimensional distribution, without the need for dedicated postprocessing treatments. This technique makes it possible to reach an encapsulation effectiveness of 97%. The analysis of bioavailability conducted on the produced liposomes with SMF technique, has also allowed to conclude about their ability to release iron in the biological systems while the analysis of their stability over time has allowed to conclude about a decrease in the previously efficiency.

Relatori: Prof. Gaetano Lamberti, Ing. Rosario Cavallo

Sabatino Speranza, SISTEMI NANOLIPOSOMIALI COME INTEGRATORI DI FERRO-OSO E VITAMINA C: ANALISI DI MERCATO E TECNICHE DI PRODUZIONE, a.a. 2020/2021

> *approccio simil-microfluidico*, in *Ingegneria alimentare*. 2016, Università degli studi di Salerno. p. 54-61.

Bibliografia e sitografia

- 1. Caporali, C., *Metabolismo del ferro, sport ed esigenze nutrizionali.*
- 2. DeMaeyer, E. and M. Adiels-Tegman, *The prevalence of anaemia in the world*. World health statistics quarterly 1985; 38 (3): 302-316;, 1985.
- 3. Brignoli, O., *Anemia e terapia marziale*. Medicina Generale: p. 33.
- 4. Costa, A., V Indagine di settore: La filiera dell'integratore alimentare, in FederSalus. 2020. p. 2-4.
- 5. Costa, A., Tavola rotonda: la nutraceutica, il punto di vista delle aziende, in FederSalus. 2018.
- Costa, A., V indagine di settore: La filiera italiana dell'integratore alimentare, in FederSalus. 2020. p. 9-24.
- 7. Hua, S. and S.Y. Wu, *The use of lipid-based nanocarriers for targeted pain therapies.* Frontiers in pharmacology, 2013. **4**: p. 143.
- Maitani, Y., et al., Modified ethanol injection method for liposomes containing β-sitosterol β-D-glucoside. Journal of liposome research, 2001.
 11(1): p. 115-125.
- 9. Enoch, H.G. and P. Strittmatter, Formation and properties of 1000-A-diameter, single-bilayer phospholipid vesicles. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, 1979. **76**(1): p. 145-149.
- 10. Lasic, D.D. and D. Papahadjopoulos, *Medical applications of liposomes*. 1998: Elsevier.
- Jahn, A., et al., Microfluidic directed formation of liposomes of controlled size. Langmuir, 2007.
 23(11): p. 6289-6293.
- 12. Pradhan, P., et al., *A facile microfluidic method for production of liposomes.* Anticancer research, 2008. **28**(2A): p. 943-947.
- 13. Maclachlan, I., et al., *Liposomal apparatus and manufacturing methods*. 2011, Google Patents.
- 14. De Paoli, T. and A.A. Hager, *Liposomes* containing bioavailable iron (II) and process for obtaining them. 1996, Google Patents.
- 15. Xia, S. and S. Xu, *Ferrous sulfate liposomes:* preparation, stability and application in fluid milk. Food research international, 2005. **38**(3): p. 289-296.
- Kosaraju, S.L., C. Tran, and A. Lawrence, Liposomal delivery systems for encapsulation of ferrous sulfate: preparation and characterization. Journal of liposome research, 2006. 16(4): p. 347-358.
- 17. Recupido, F., Produzione di nanoliposomi per applicazioni nutraceutiche mediante un