

$y_p(x, p) := \text{if}\left[p = 1, -x \cdot \ln(x), \frac{1}{1-p} \cdot (x^p - x)\right]$
 $j := 0..40$
 $X_j := \begin{cases} p \leftarrow 10^{-\frac{j-16}{4}} \\ \exp\left(-\text{if}\left(p = 1, 1, \frac{1}{p-1} \cdot \ln(p)\right)\right) \end{cases}$
 $Y_j := \begin{cases} p \leftarrow 10^{-\frac{j-16}{4}} \\ y_p(X_j, p) \end{cases}$
 $y_b(x, \Delta B) := 2 \cdot (1-x) + \Delta B \quad i := 0..9 \quad \Delta B_i := \frac{-i}{5}$
 $x := 0, 0.01..1$

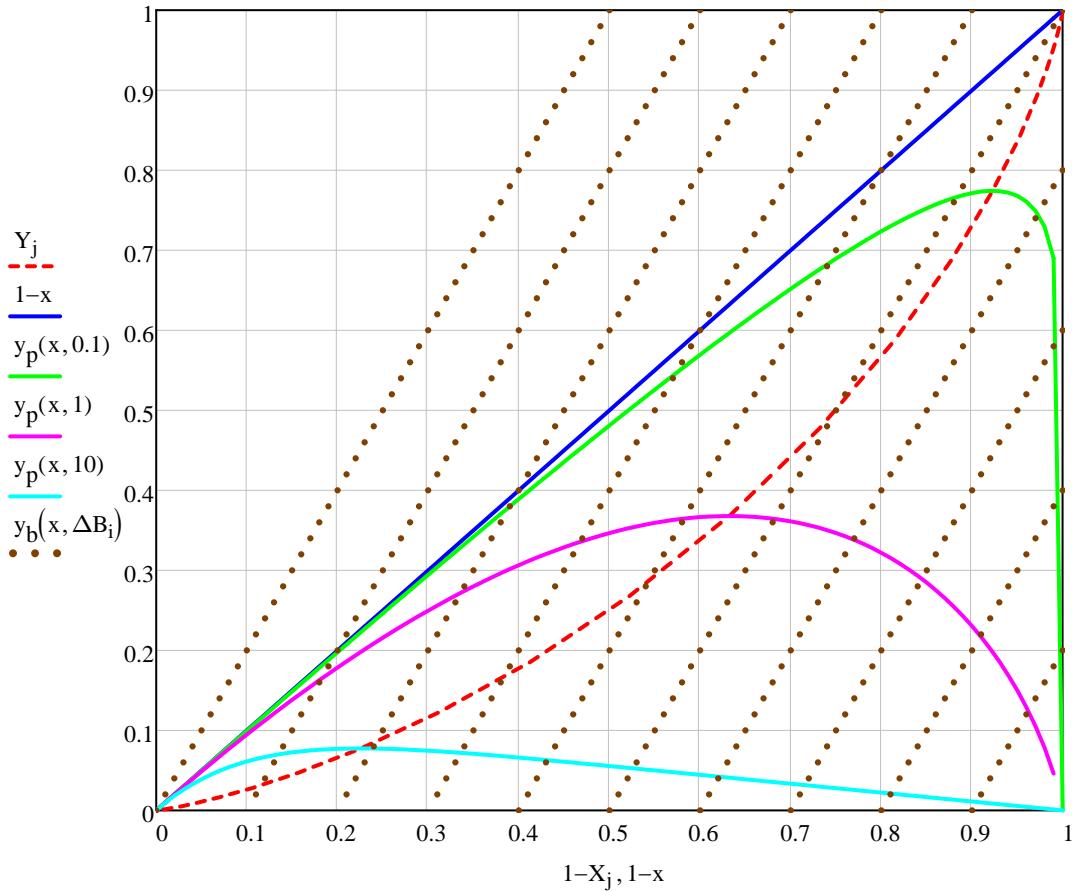


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$$y_m(x, p) := \frac{(1-x) \cdot x}{x + p \cdot (1-x)}$$

$$X_j := \begin{cases} p \leftarrow 10^{\frac{j-16}{4}} \\ \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{p}}} \end{cases}$$

$$Y_j := \begin{cases} p \leftarrow 10^{\frac{j-16}{4}} \\ y_m(X_j, p) \end{cases}$$

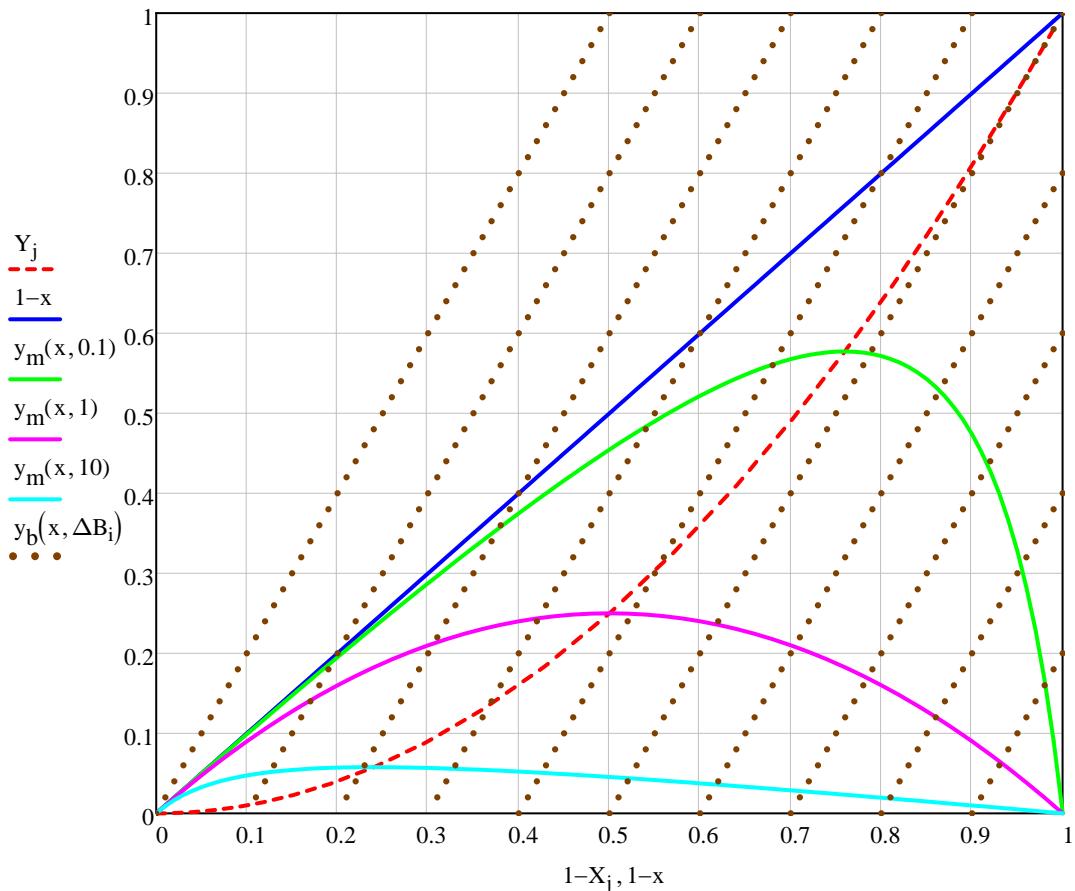


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